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(54) Title: COATED GROOVING OR PARTING INSERT

(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to a coated cutting tool (cemented carbide insert) useful for grooving or particularly parting of steel components such as steel or stainless steel tubes and bars. The insert is characterised by WC-Co-based cemented carbide substrate having a highly W-alloyed Co-binder phase and a hard and wear resistant coating including a multilayered structure of sublayers of the composition (Ti_xAl_{1-x})N with repeated variation of the Ti/Al ratio.

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Coated grooving or parting insert

The present invention relates to a coated cutting tool (cemented carbide insert) useful for grooving or particularly parting of steel components such as bars or tubes of stainless steels of different composition and microstructure but also for of non-stainless steels such as low carbon steels and low and medium alloyed steels.

When machining low and medium alloyed steels and stainless steels with cemented carbide tools the cutting edge is worn according to different wear mechanisms, such as chemical wear, abrasive wear, adhesive wear and by edge chipping. In bad conditions problems with bulk and edge line breakages occur commonly. Furthermore, different cutting conditions such as cutting speed, cutting feed rate and also external conditions such as dry or wet machining, heavy vibrations of the work piece etc., require a plurality of different properties of the cutting edge.

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So far it has been very difficult to improve all 20 tool properties simultaneously. Commercial cemented carbide grades have therefore been optimized with respect to one or few of these wear types and hence to specific application areas.

WO 97/20083 discloses a coated cutting insert particularly useful for dry and wet machining in low and medium alloyed steels, stainless steels, with or without raw surface zones under severe conditions such as vibrations, long overhang and recutting of chips. The 30 insert is characterized by WC-Co cemented carbide with a low content of cubic carbides and a rather low W-alloyed binder phase and a coating including an innermost layer of TiCxNyOz with columnar grains and a top layer of TiN and an inner layer of $\kappa-Al_2O_3$.

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Swedish patent application SE 9901149-6 discloses a coated cutting insert particularly useful at high cutting speeds, of stainless steels of different composition and microstructure, but also for the milling of non-stainless steels such as low carbon steels and low and medium alloyed steels. The coated WC-Co based cemented carbide insert is characterized by a specific composition range of WC/Co without any addition of cubic carbides, by a low W-alloyed Co binder and by a narrow range defined average WC grainsize, and a hard and wear resistant coating including a multilayered structure of sublayers of the composition (Ti_xAl_{1-x})N with repeated variation of the Ti/Al ratio.

It has now surprisingly been found that a combination of a slightly modified cemented carbide substrate described in the above mentioned WO 97/20083 and the coating described in the above mentioned SE 9901149-6 results excellent cutting performance in grooving or, in particular, parting of steel or stainless steel.

In Fig. 1 is shown a micrograph in 1200X magnificatio of a polished cross section of a coated insert according to the present invention:

A - cemented carbide body

B - innermost TiN layer

C - layer of several TiAlN sublayers

D - layer of TiAlN

E - outermost TiN layer

According to the present invention there is provided a coated cutting tool insert for toughness demanding grooving and parting of stainless steels comprising a WC-Co based cemented carbide body with a composition of 11.5-13.6 wt% Co, preferably 12.0-13.0 wt% Co, most preferably 12.3-12.9 wt% Co, 0.2-1.8 wt%

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cubic carbides, preferably 0.4-1.8 wt% cubic carbides, most preferably 0.5-1.7 wt% cubic carbides of the metals Ta, Nb and Ti and balance WC. The cemented carbide may also contain other carbides from elements from group IVb, Vb or VIb of the periodic table. The content of Ti is preferably on a level corresponding to a technical impurity. The average grain size of the WC is about 1.1-2.1 μm, preferably about 1.4 μm.

The cobalt binder phase is rather low alloyed with W. The content of W in the binder phase can be expressed 10 as the CW-ratio:

CW-ratio= M_s / (wt% Co · 0.0161),

where M_{S} is the saturation magnetization of the cemented carbide body in kA/m and wt% Co is the weight percentage of Co in the cemented carbide. The CW-value is a function of the W content in the Co binder phase. A high CW-value corresponds to a low W-content in the binder phase.

It has now been found according to the present invention that improved cutting performance is achieved if the cemented carbide body has a CW-ratio of 0.80-0.92, preferably 0.82-0.91, and most preferably 0.85-0.90. The cemented carbide may contain small amounts, <1 volume %, of η -phase (M₆C), without any detrimental effect. From the CW-value it follows that no free 25 graphite is allowed in the cemented carbide body according to the present invention.

The hard and wear resistant refractory coating deposited on the cemented carbide substrate according to the present invention comprises:

- a first (innermost) thin $0.1-0.5~\mu m$ bonding layer of TiN
- a second layer comprising a multilayered structure of sublayers of the composition $(Ti_xAl_{1-x})N$ in which x varies repeatedly between the two ranges 35

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0.45< x<0.55 and 0.70< x<0.80. The first sublayer of $(Ti_xAl_{1-x})N$ adjacent to the TiN bonding layer having an x-value of 0.45< x<0.55, the second sublayer of $(Ti_xAl_{1-x})N$ having an x-value of 0.70< x<0.80 and the third sublayer having x of 0.45< x<0.55 and so forth repeated until 12-25 sublayers, preferably 22-24 sublayers, are being built up. The thickness of this second layer comprising a multilayered structure of sublayers constitutes 75-95% of the total coating thickness. The individual sublayers of $(Ti_xAl_{1-x})N$ are essentially of the same thickness but their thickness may also vary in a regular or irregular way and said sublayer thickness is $0.05-0.2~\mu m$.

- a third 0.1-0.5 μm layer of $(Ti_xAl_{1-x})N$ having an x-value of 0.45<x<0.55.

- a fourth (outermost) thin 0.1-0.2 μm layer of TiN.

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The total thickness of the coating is 1-8 μ m, preferably 2-5 μ m. The layer thickness, the sublayer thickness and the coating thickness quoted above refers to measurements made close to the cutting edge, i. e. the functional part of the cutting tool.

The present invention also relates to a method of making a coated cutting tool insert consisting of a cemented carbide body with a composition of 11.5-13.6 wt% Co, preferably 12.0-13.0 wt% Co, most preferably 12.3-12.9 wt% Co, 0.2-1.8 wt% cubic carbides, preferably 0.4-1.8 wt% cubic carbides, most preferably 0.5-1.7 wt% cubic carbides of the metals Ta, Nb and Ti and balance WC. The cemented carbide may also contain other carbides from elements from group IVb, Vb or VIb of the periodic table. The content of Ti is preferably on a level corresponding to a technical impurity. The average grain size of the WC is about 1.1-2.1 μm , preferably about 1.4 μm .

The hard and wear resistant refractory coating is deposited onto the cemented carbide substrate by applying conventional PVD (Physical Vapor Deposition) or CVD (Chemical Vapor Deposition) methods and according to the present invention said coating comprises:

- a first (innermost) thin 0.1-0.5 μm bonding layer of TiN
- a second layer comprising a multilayered structure of sublayers of the composition (TixAl1-x)N in 10 which x varies repeatedly between the two ranges 0.45<x<0.55 and 0.70<x<0.80. The first sublayer of (TixAl1-x)N adjacent to the TiN bonding layer having an x-value of 0.45<x<0.55, the second sublayer of (Ti_xAl_{1-}) x)N having an x-value of 0.70<x<0.80 and the third 15 sublayer having x of 0.45<x<0.55 and so forth repeated until 12-25 sublayers, preferably 22-24 sublayers, are being built up. The thickness of this second layer comprising a multilayered structure of sublayers constitutes 75-95% of the total coating thickness. The 20 individual sublayers of (TixAl1-x)N are essentially of the same thickness but their thickness may also vary in a regular or irregular way and said sublayer thickness is $0.05-0.2 \mu m$.
- a third thin 0.1-0.5 μ m layer of (Ti_xAl_{1-x})N 25 having an x-value of 0.45<x<0.55.
 - a fourth (outermost) 0.1-0.2 μm layer of TiN.

Example 1

A. Cemented carbide parting tool insert in

30 accordance with the invention with the composition 12.6
wt-% Co, 1.25 wt-% TaC, 0.30 wt-% NbC and balance WC
with 1.4 µm grain size and with a binder phase alloyed
with W corresponding to a CW-ratio of 0.91 were coated
with a 4 µm thick coating by applying conventional PVD

35 cathodic arc technique. The coating consisted of a first
(innermost) 0.2 µm layer of TiN followed by a 3.2 µm

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thick second layer comprising 23 alternating sublayers of $(\text{Ti}_x\text{Al}_{1-x})N$, where x alternatively varied between 0.55 and 0.75, and a third 0.2 μm $(\text{Ti}_x\text{Al}_{1-x})N$, where x= 0.55, and, finally, an outermost 0.4 μm layer of TiN.

B. A cemented carbide parting tool insert with the composition of 8.0 wt-% Co, no cubic carbides, balance WC and a CW-ratio of 0.94. The insert was coated with an innermost 0.5 µm equiaxed TiCN-layer A 1.5 µm TiN layer was deposited, during the same cycle, on top of the TiCN-layer. No post treatment was applied.

C. A competitive cemented carbide parting tool insert in style similar to previous mention inserts from an external leading cemented carbide producer was selected for comparison. The cemented carbide had a composition of 12.5 wt-% Co, 0.1 wt-% TiC, 1.8 wt-% TaC, 0.2 wt-% NbC, balance WC and a CW-ratio of 0.87. The insert had a coating consisting of 1.4 μm TiN and, outermost, 1.4 μm TiCN. Examination in light optical microscope revealed no edge treatment subsequent to coating.

Inserts A, B and C from above were tested in a parting off to centre in stainless steel SS2321 with OD 26 mm. The cutting speed was varied from 86 to 0 m/min with feed 0,05 mm/r. The wear mechanism was uneven flank wear and chipping.

	Insert	Number of components
	A (invention)	50
30	B (outside invention)	13
	C (external grade)	. 41

Example 2

Insert A and B were tested at an end user's machine shop in a parting of a stainless steel component (AISI

316 OD 42 mm) with cutting speed varying from 110 to 0 m/min and with feed varying 0,08-0,03 mm/r (low feed rate close to centre of bar). The wear mechanism was fracture in cutting zone.

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Insert	Number of components
A (invention)	201
B (outside invention)	224

10 Example 3

Insert A and B were tested at an end users machine shop in a parting of a steel component (SS2172 OD 47 mm) with rotating speed 1800 rpm and with feed 0,1 mm/r. The wear mechanism was flank wear and flaking.

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Insert	Number of compor	nents
A (invention)	163	
B (outside invention)	50	

20 Example 4

Insert A and C were tested at an end user's machine shop in a parting of a stainless steel component (AISI 316 OD 31 mm) with cutting speed varying from 60 to 0 m/min and with feed varying 0,06-0,03 mm/r (low feed rate close to the centre of the bar). The wear mechanism was flank wear and chipping.

	Insert	Number of components
	A (invention)	182
30	C (external grade)	43

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Claims

- 1. A cutting tool insert particularly for parting of steel and stainless steel comprising a cemented carbide body and a coating c h a r a c t e r i s e d in that said cemented carbide body consists of WC with an average grain size of about 1.4 μ m, 12-13 wt-% Co and 0.4-1.8 wt-% TaC+NbC, and a low W-alloyed binder phase with a CW-ratio of 0.82-0.91 and in that said coating comprises
 - a first (innermost) 0.1-0.5 μm layer of TiN
- a second layer comprising a multilayered structure of 0.05-0.2 μm thick sublayers of the composition (Ti_xAl_{1-x})N in which x varies repeatedly between the two ranges 0.45<x<0.55 and 0.70<x<0.80, the first sublayer of (Ti_xAl_{1-x})N adjacent to the TiN bonding layer having an x-value of 0.45<x<0.55, the second sublayer of (Ti_xAl_{1-x})N having an x-value of 0.70<x<0.80 and the third sublayer having x of 0.45<x<0.55 and so forth repeated until 12-25 sublayers are being built up.
- $_{\rm 20}$ a third 0.1-0.5 μm thick layer of $(\text{Ti}_x \text{Al}_{1-x})\,N,$ where x is 0.45<x<0.55
 - a fourth (outermost) 0.1-0.2 μm layer of TiN where the total coating thickness is 1-8 μm and where the thickness of the second layer constitutes 75-95% of the total coating thickness.
 - 2. Cutting insert according to claim 1 c h a r a c t e r i z e d in that the cemented carbide has the composition 12.3-12.9 wt-% Co and 0.5-1.7 wt% TaC+NbC.
- 3. Cutting insert according to any of the preceding claims c h a r a c t e r i z e d in that the cemented carbide body is free from graphite.
 - 4. Method based on known PVD or CVD techniques of making a coated cemented carbide cutting tool insert comprising a WC-Co based cemented carbide body and a

hard and wear resistant coating, c h a r a c t e r i z e d in depositing on a cemented carbide body comprising WC with an average grain size of about 1.4 μ m, 12-13 wt-% Co and 0.4-1.8 wt-% TaC+NbC, and a low W-alloyed binder phase with a CW-ratio of 0.82-0.91, a coating comprising

- a first (innermost) $0.1-0.5 \mu m$ layer of TiN

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- a second layer comprising a multilayered structure of 0.05-0.2 μm thick sublayers of the composition $(Ti_xAl_{1-x})N$ in which x varies repeatedly between the two ranges 0.45<x<0.55 and 0.70<x<0.80, the first sublayer of $(Ti_xAl_{1-x})N$ adjacent to the TiN bonding layer having an x-value of 0.45<x<0.55, the second sublayer of $(Ti_xAl_{1-x})N$ having an x-value of 0.70<x<0.80 and the third sublayer having x in the range 0.45<x<0.55 and so forth repeated until 12-25 sublayers are being built up.
- a third 0.1-0.5 μm thick layer of $(Ti_xAl_{1-x})N$, where x is 0.45<x<0.55
- a fourth (outermost) 0.1-0.2 μm layer of TiN making the total coating thickness close to the cutting edge vary in the range of 1-8 μm and where the thickness of the second layer constitutes 75-95% of the total coating thickness.
- 25 6. Method according to the previous claim c h a r a c t e r i z e d in that said cemented carbide body comprises a WC-Co composition of WC with an average grain size of about 1.4 μm, 12-13 wt-% Co and 0.4-1.8 wt-% TaC+NbC, and a low W-alloyed binder phase with a 30 CW-ratio of 0.82-0.91.

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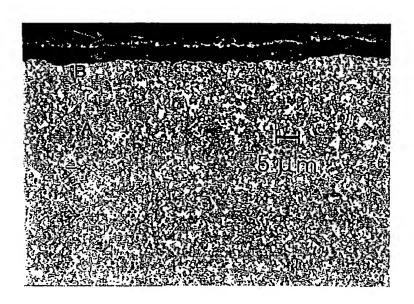


Fig. 1

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/SE 00/01677

	SIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER	0.000 00 (00 0000 07 (1)	
	C22C 29/08, C23C 16/30, C23C 16/40 o International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both no	0, CZZC 28/00, BZ3B 2//14 ational classification and IPC	
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Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where ap	propriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	WO 9720083 A1 (SANDVIK AB), 5 Ju	une 1997 (05.06.97)	1-5
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	reason (as specified) at referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other	"Y" document of particular relevance: the considered to involve an inventive step combined with one or more other such	when the document is
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

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	nt ducument i search report		Publication date	1	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
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